

CREATIVE MATTERS
X ANNA MULLER

## TWENTY YEARS OF COVER



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## Maharam x Edith van Berkel

THREE NEW RUGS REPRESENT THE ULTIMATE IN TRADITIONALLY MADE, NATURALLY SOURCED TEXTILES

**01** The *Linger* rug during production

**02** Compose, Maharam x

**03** Bower, Maharam x Edith van Berkel

**04** *Linger*, Maharam x Edith van Berkel

■ dith van Berkel, a process-driven Dutch industrial designer, and Maharam. a performance-driven commercial textiles company, have collaborated on three elemental, biodegradable, handwoven rugs: Compose, Linger, and Bower. Maharam's desire to evolve its connection with elemental crafted rugs means that Van Berkel's approach compatible yet visionary will influence how Maharam develops its rug offering.

Van Berkel designed
the rugs and developed
and produced them with
Maharam in Kathmandu
valley, Nepal, using a largely
female workforce. 'We work
with local people,' she says,
'and evaluate all aspects of
material collection, treatment,
yarn making and weaving.'

High-altitude argali sheep wool is sourced from the Ngari plateau—the historic Tibetan (now Chinese) 'salt-and-sheep' route. Van Berkel describes the wool as 'exceptional due to its long fibres and high lanolin'. Wool is cold-water washed, then sent overland to Nepal where it is distributed to women who work from home. They are central to a centuriesold tradition of charkha hand spinning and weaving rugs on horizontal floor looms.

'It's very important to me to be hands-on, to see and experiment with yarns. This is most necessary when creating an identity for a rug,' says Van Berkel. Two rugs are wool-based. Compose is wool with silk 'patches' and hand embroidery that acknowledges traditional textile mending. Before weaving, the wool for Linger is dip-dyed (similar to



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ikat) and augmented postweave with silk.

Bower, an undyed nettlefibre rug, transitions from
sumakh to plain weave with silk
accents. It reflects Van Berkel's
desire to create a language in
undyed material. Wild giant
nettle is hand-harvested from
remote Himalayan locations
reached by days of driving and
four days of hiking. Nettle's
rhizome—underground stems
with growth nodes—means
harvesting 'doesn't damage
the plant. It will regenerate'.

Yarn processing requires 'deep indigenous knowledge and special skills'. Bark is removed; fibres are boiled in water and wood ash, rinsed, sun dried, then rewashed and beaten to soften them for spinning after hand carding to sort for finer fibres. Van Berkel is attracted by nettle's 'interesting properties': tensile strength, fibre length, and its thermal insulation properties.

This collaboration underscores Maharam's enhanced commitment to elemental textiles and rugs and cross-disciplinarity. Its commitments align with Van Berkel's career-long exploration and incorporation of traditional craft techniques and sustainable materials, while scrutinising environmental impact so as to be not just sustainable but regenerative. DJ

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